

## **DRAFT 2007-TDx-14: Amend Work Opportunity Tax Credit**

**BILL ANALYSIS** 

**Committee:** Revenue Laws Study Committee Date: April 30, 2008 Summary by: Heather Fennell **Introduced by:** Version: 2007-TDx-13 Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: This bill limits the Work Opportunity Tax Credit to 6% of the Federal credit for wages paid in the same taxable year for positions located in North Carolina.

## **CURRENT LAW:**

The Federal Work Opportunity Tax Credit (WOTC) provides a credit to employers that hire individuals in certain targeted groups. The nine targeted groups are:

- A. Qualified recipients of Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF).
- B. Qualified veterans.
- C. Qualified ex-felons.
- D. Designated Community Residents.

- E. Vocational rehabilitation referrals.
- F. Qualified summer youth.
- G. Qualified food stamp recipients.
- H. Qualified recipients of SSI.
- I. Long-term family assistance recipients.

The credit based on a percentage of wages paid and limited by dollar amount. The limits vary by group.

For all groups except for veterans, summer youth and long-term family assistance recipients the credit is limited to 40% of qualified first year wages up to \$6,000 for individuals retained for at least 400 hours, maximum credit of \$2,400 per employee, and 25% of qualified first year wages up to \$6,000 for individuals retained for at least 120 but less than 400 hours, maximum credit of \$1,500 per employee.

For veterans the credit is limited to 40% of qualified first year wages up to \$12,000 for individuals retained for at least 400 hours, maximum credit of \$4,800 per employee, and 25% of qualified first year wages up to \$6,000 for individuals retained for at least 120 but less than 400 hours, maximum credit of \$3,000 per employee

For summer youth the credit is limited to \$1,200 per employee.

For long-term family assistance recipients the credit is limited to 40% of qualified first year wages up to \$10,000, and 50% of qualified second year wages up to \$10,000 for individuals retained for at least 400 hours, maximum credit of \$9,000 per employee.

**The North Carolina Credit:** Section 31.21 of the 2007 Appropriations Act created a North Carolina tax credit equal to 6% of the Federal credit. The taxpayer must elect whether to take the credit against the franchise or the income tax, the credit may not exceed 50% of the tax against which the credit is claimed, and the credit may be carried forward for five years.

**BILL ANALYSIS:** This bill would limit the credit to 6% of the Federal credit for wages paid in the same taxable year for positions located in North Carolina. The bill also adds a sunset on the credit for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012. The bill also makes a technical correction to clarify that corporations cannot take an additional deduction under G.S. 105-130.5(b)(11) if this credit is taken.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** Section 1 of this bill is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2008. The remainder of the bill is effective when it becomes law.